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voted to the historical side of the subject, treating of the early condition of the Civil Law and its influence in England. Next is taken up the more technical part, the origin and the extinguishment of "obligations"; then the Roman mode of procedure is dealt with, and the book closes with an interesting and beautifully written sketch of the famous Louisiana jurist, Judge Martin. This group of lectures will be of great advantage to those beginning the study of the Civil Law, and the value of the work is enhanced by the fact that it is from the pen of so eminent an authority.

Elements of the Law of Torts. By Melville M. Bigelow, Ph.D., LL.D. Cloth, 386 pages. Little, Brown & Co., Boston, Mass., 1896.

It gives us great pleasure to note the appearance of the sixth edition of Mr. Bigelow's well-known work on Torts. It is written in the same careful style as the former editions and with the same broad treatment of the subject. The author in the first part of the book starts with the consideration of a tort as a breach of a duty owing by one to his fellows, and in the remainder of the volume classes all torts under three heads: breaches of the duty to refrain from fraud or malice; breaches of absolute duty, and breaches of the duty to refrain from negligence. This arrangement allows the student a view of the entire subject at the outset, and reduces to a minimum the difficulties attendant upon the study of so intricate a subject.

Jurisdiction, Practice, and Peculiar Jurisprudence of the Courts of the United States. By Benjamin Robbins Curtis, LL.D. Cloth, 316 pages. Little, Brown & Co., Boston, Mass., 1896.

The second edition of this work of Judge Curtis is the result of a careful revision and annotation of the former edition, which was rendered necessary by the changes in the United States Statutes in regard to jurisdiction and procedure in the Federal Courts. Though it is intended primarily for students the book will undoubtedly be of great assistance to the skilled practitioner on account of its accuracy of statement and its broad scope, which make it a most reliable index to this branch of the law.

The Law of Charitable Uses. Trusts, and Donations in New York. By Robert Ludlow Fowler. Law sheep, 198 pages. The Diossy Law Book Co., New York, 1896.

Mr. Fowler has traced the course of the law of charitable donations from its origin in England through all its changes until it reached its present condition under the laws of New